राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम द्वारा उठाए जा रहे नुकसान

2728. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम तथा इसकी सहायक इकाइयां हर वर्ष 2800 करोड़ रु० मूल्य का नुकसान उठा रही है :

(ख) यदि नहीं, तो इस संबंध में तथ्य क्या हैं ;

(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम के अधीन बड़ी संख्या में मिल या तो बन्द हैं या आंशिक रूप से बंद हैं ;

(घ) यदि हां, तो ऐसे मिलों की कुल संख्या कितनी है और इन मिलों में कितने कर्मकार काम कर रहे हैं ;

(ङ) क्या सरकार ने गत वर्ष के दौरान राष्ट्रीय नवीकरण कोष की सहायता से रोजगार के नये अवसर पैदा करके इन कर्मचारियों को नौकरी प्रदान करने के लिए कोई व्यवस्था की है ;

(च) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(छ) यदि ऐसा प्रबन्ध नहीं किया गया है, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

वस्त्र मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री जी० वेंकट स्वामी) : (क) जी, नहीं ।

(ख) वर्ष 1992-93 के दौरान एन टी सी ने 441.60 करोड़ रु० का अनन्तिम निवल घाटा उठाया था ।

(ग) से (छ) एन टी सी के अधीन 18 मिलों में कामकाज वस्तुतः पूर्णरूपेण तथा 23 मिलों में आंशिक रूप से बन्द हो गए हैं जिसके कारण 34,323 कर्मचारी खाली बैठे हैं लेकिन उन्हें मजदूरी का भुगतान किया जा रहा है । ये कर्मचारी स्वैच्छिक सेवा लेने तथा स्वरोजगार के लिए बिद्युत करघा/रोलिंग एकक लगाने के लिए स्वतन्त्र हैं जिसके लिए राष्ट्रीय नवीकरण निधि से सहायता प्रदान की जाती है ।

Recommendations given to directors against whom enquiries are pending

2729. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recommendations have been given to some of the existing directors on the boards of textiles companies/undertakings under the administrative jurisdiction of his Ministry for higher assignment despite the fact that vigilance enquiries and other enquiries are still pending against such directors;

(b) whether Govt. would direct the authorities not to recommend any such candidates until the completion of enquires against them; and

(c) if so, the fact and details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) to (c) Appointments of Board level officers are made by Government in accordance with prescribed procedures, rules and regulations after considering all relevant matters including clearance from the vigilance angle.

Processing cost in Maharashtra cotton monopoly Scheme and CCI

2730. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total processing cost per candy for converting Kapas into full pressed bales per candy/per quintal in Maharashtra Cotton Monopoly

Scheme and how much of it is in Cotton Corporation of India in 1992-93 and 1993-94; and

(b) how much free period is allowed to domestic buyers while selling cotton under Maharashtra Cotton Monopoly Scheme and how much is allowed by Cotton Corporation of India 1992-93 and 1993-94?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) Total processing cost per candy/per quintal for converting into full pressed bales in respect of Maharashtra Cotton Monopoly Scheme and Cotton Corporation of India is as under:—

Year		Per Candy	Per
1992-93	Cotton Corporation of India.	Rs. 1332	Rs. 374
	Maharashtra Monopoly Scheme.	Rs. 2068	Rs. 580

Since the cotton season 1993-94 is yet to start, it is not possible to indicate the processing costs at this state.

(b) Free period allowed to domestic buyers while selling cotton during the cotton season 1992-93 in respect of Cotton Corporation of India and Maharashtra Cotton Monopoly Scheme is as under:—

Cotton Cropn. of India—a free period of 15 days to 30 days depending upon the quantity of cotton sold to domestic buyers.

Maharashtra Monopoly Scheme :

No. of Bales.	No. of Days.
1 to 599	21 days
600 to 1499	30 days
1500 to 1999	45 days
2000 to 2999	2 months equally
3000 and above	3 months equally.

Suitable adgustments are made in the policy depending on the market conditions.

Problems of handloom and powerloom weavers in Maharashtra and Gujarat

2731. SMT. CHANDRIKA ABHINANDAN JAIN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has come to the notice of Government that handloom and powerloom weavers in Gujarat and Maharashtra states are facing marketing problems due to recent disturbances in both the States; and

(b) if so, the steps taken/proposed to be taken by Government to help these two sectors in solving their problems?

THE MINSTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) and (b) The State Governments of Gujarat and Maharashtra have not brought to the notice of the Union Government marketing problems faced by the handloom and powerloom weavers due to recent disturbances in both the States. However, the ongoing schemes of the Government namely, grant of Market Development Assistance, organisation of National Handloom Expos and setting up of Marketing Complexes by National Handloom Development Corporation are aimed to assist the handloom sector of the State in marketing of their products. In regard to the Powerloom sector, a number of schemes are being implemented such as modernisation scheme, formation of powerloom cooperative societies, Workers Insurance Scheme etc., with a view to assist this sector.

Polices offers by CCI and Maharashtra Monopoly Scheme

2732. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of TEXTILES